The book Fundamentals on Agriculture and Crop Production (Research and Applied)' is a multidisciplinary book. Agriculture is a way to produce crops and related items from domesticated plants and animals though sometimes from wild races for the betterment of the people. Recent scientific inventions and technological skills, even technical applications of technology in the field make the system faster in terms of

productivity. The better management and optimum production through an eco-friendly environment make it clear in front of farmers. The application skill through knowledge enhances the yield as well as the quality of the items that boosts many new and novel products. In horticulture scientists growing recurrent varieties in combination with non-recurrent varieties and incorporating wild genes in the new high yielding variety (HYV) and generating high yielding crops/cultivars, disease resistant and drought prone even saline water resistant varieties. So, in many fields new and novel products are the outcome due to research and applications of knowledge in multidisciplinary fields. Authors are trying to present diverse chapters for the dissemination of new knowledge in front of us-

## **About the Editors**



Debabrata Das (b.1969), Ph.D. in Botany (Ecology) is presently working as Associate Professor and Head, Department of Botany, Government General Degree College, Lalgarh, Jhargram, W.B. He is presently working in the field of eco-restoration. He authored more than 138 scientific research papers and 4 books including 10 edited books. Primary aim of his work is to identify ecological problems and to solve these through

proper guidelines. He is trying to work on knowledge dissemination and biodiversity conservation programmes.



Dr. Pampi Ghosh (b.1974) is an Assistant Professor of Botany, Seva Bharati Mahavidyalaya, Kapgari, Jhargarm, W.B. She is co-authored for a text book in Botany and authored for many chapters in Soil Plants and Microbial Interaction books. She also acted as editors in many books. Her special interest goes on Organic farming and Mycorrhizal research. She is working in the field of Taxonomy, Ethnobotany, Biofertilizer and Green

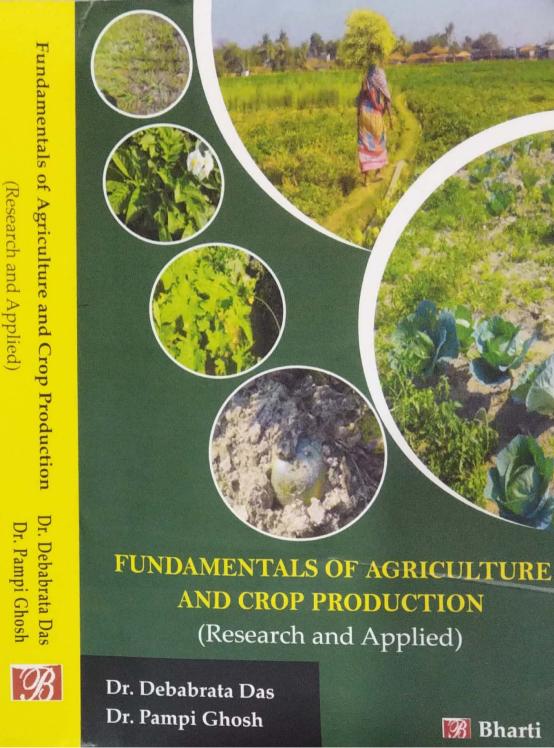
biomass production through waste management.



Bharti Publications, New Delhi



Price- Rs. 1280/-



Copyright ©Editors

Title: Fundamentals of Agriculture of Crop Production: Research and Applied

Editors: Dr. Debabrata Das, Dr. Pampi Ghosh

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted, in any from or by any means, without permission. Any person who does any unauthorised act in relation to this publication may be liable to criminal prosecution and civil claims for damages.

First Published, 23/12/2022 ISBN: 978-93-94779-73-0

Published by : Bharti Publications

4819/24, 2nd Floor, Mathur Lane Ansari Road, Darya Ganj, New Delhi-110002 Phone: 011-23247537, 011-46172797 Mobile: +91-989-989-7381

E-mail: bhartipublications@gmail.com info@bharatipublications.com Website: www.bhartipublications.com

Printed in India, by: Mona Enterprises, Delhi

Disclaimer. The views expressed in the book are the author and not necessarily of the publisher & Editors. Author is themselves responsible for any kind of Plagiarism found in book and any related issues in book.

# BIDHAN CHANDRA KRISHI VISWAVIDYALAYA

Regional Research Station (Red & Laterite Zone)
P.O. & Dist. Jhargram, Pin. - 721 507

From: Dr. Chandan Bhattacharya, M. Sc. (Ag.)
Ph.D. in Genetics & Plant Breeding
Professor
Faculty of Agriculture
Dept, of Genetics & Plant Breeding

Resi. Address:-Chhobi Apartment Tentultala Rd. Raghunathpur P.O. & Dist.: Jhargram 721 507

E. Mail ID: bhattacharya.c.bckv@gmail.com

#### Foreword

Agriculture is the technique to get better or higher yields of any kind of crops. In the earlier day, men and women had tried their best to select & grow more potential items both in the field of animal and plant sphere, for their own purposes though it was an old and natural practice. They noticed many problems and tried to solve them by knowledgeable persons or elderly people. Day by day they developed good and potential stock to get maximum benefits in their field. People domesticated different crop plants, animals and wild races for their own purposes. Geographically isolated patches had different wild stock which was distinct by their physiognomic factors but nowadays people try to put them on a global basis which significantly makes them important over time. Nowadays we see large numbers of genetic races over the species but the productivity of crops under any circumstances has been changed. Not only yield but also quality factors and disease free/ resistant stocks are today's products that lead to plant and animal growers becoming more commercial. Research and development including extensive applications both in field as well as in the glasshouse bring out new variants that could be congenial in the present environment. In this book many chapters have been placed at the same time recognize here to give us immense knowledge in our practical field of agriculture. I convey my heartiest thanks to all authors, editors and elderly persons, junior team mate and publishers who gave their effort to make it complete. Hope readers and researchers of all spheres will be benefitted With regards.

Chattachanga

[Prof. (Dr.) Chandan Bhattacharya]
Professor, Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding,
Faculty of Agriculture,
Regional Research Station,
Bidhan Chandra Krishi Viswavidyalaya,
Jhargram, 721507

Date: 25/11/2022

### Message

I feel immense pleasure that the book is going to be published very soon with the theme "Fundamentals of Agriculture and Crop Production (Research and Applied)" from Bharti Publications (New Delhi,). It's a time when people need very deep and sincere knowledge on Agriculture and Crop production. In flood plains every year crop production fails to meet the demand of farmers. In dry and humid regions crop production fails to meet the target due to scarcity of water. In hills and in valleys of Himalayas and Western Ghats, a large number of factors interrupt to touch the goal. But the demand for agricultural products is always high due to overpopulation. Global warming and climate change alters the degree of different factors that lower the production of crops. So, people need research and extension activities at different degrees to solve the problems in the field, not in the lab. Indigenous stocks, organic manure, local labour, investment in waste and vested land along the technique based knowledge are nowadays essential. Remembering the theme in mind the chapters have been placed by authors in the book. Hope that it would be beneficial for all to mitigate the current problems. Thanks to editors, authors and team of publishers for this kind of publication for all. Thanks.

Johjani Basu

(Dr. Debjani Basu)

Botanist (Retired), Central National Herbarium (CNH), BSI, Shibpore, Howrah, W.B., India

Date: 10.11.2022

Residence: Dr. Debjani Basu, Purba Diganta, Radha Housing, Daspara, Mukundapur, Atghara, Kol-78

#### **Contents**

		iii
	Foreword	v
	Preface	vi
	Mesage	1-14
1.	Comparing the Diversity Pattern of Vegetation Between two Seasons in a Hydrocarbon Exploration Site of Tripura Huidrom Babina Devi, Hirumoni Hazarika,	1-14
	Prasenjit Patari, Sabyasachi Dasgupta	15-24
2.	Rice (Oryza Sativa L.) diversity in North Eastern India	
	Priyanka Kumari, Poonam Chetry & Puspanjali Chetia	25-35
3.	Innovative Practices and Technologies in Indian Agriculture	25-33
	Dr. Asha Bhausaheb Kadam	
4.	Sustainability of Agroecosystems for Conservation of Biosphere Biodiversity	36-47
	Ivan Aranha	
5.	Biofertilizers for Sustainable Agriculture	48-64
	Mamta Gokhale, Rumana Faraz & Geetanshu Koul	
6.	n . D . C. I - C Danaguia ninnata	65-72
	D. Thangamani, S. Poopathi Rajan, O. M. Mohamed Nawas & S. Lalitha	
7.	Con Field Wester	73-82
	Soma Pal Saha & Adwitia Saha	
8.	and a state of the	83-91
	Hemen Biswas	
9.		92-100
	Dr. Rangnath Aher	



<ol> <li>Agriculture Potential Zone Mapping with Water Resource Management using Geospatial Technic of Jhargram District in Janghalmohal Geographi Area, WB.</li> </ol>	THES
Dr. Chandan Karan	
11. Some Major Tea Agricultural Pest of Darjeeling: Bionomics and Nature of Damage	130-154
Dr. Bireshwar Bera	
12. A look at vistas of Research, Extension and Education in Indian agricultural sector from Pre-Colonial to Post Colonial period with an emphasis on 12th Five year Plan	155-172
Shampa Dutta	
13. Comparative Analysis of Economic Viability and Sustainabilty of Rubber, Banana and Tapioca Plantations in Kerala	173-190
Meghna Venu	
14. Organic Farming and Food Security	191-204
Aditi Saha Roy, Debajyoti Saha	
15. Assessment on Diversity of Microbial Interaction in Nature	s 205-235
M R Ahir, V S Undal	
16. Overview of Bacterial and Fungal Diseases of Sugarcane and its Effective Management Techniques	236-246
S Dhanusri, K Dharani & G Maheswari	
17. Diversity and Abundance of Insect Pollinators in Rapeseed (Brassica campestris L.) Crop	247-263
Biraj Barman & Debashis Roy	
<ol> <li>Entomophily in Sunflower with Special Reference to India – A Review</li> </ol>	264-275
Santu Pramanik, Achintya Chattopadhyay & Bulganin Mitra	
19. Isolation of Volatile Oils from Aromatic Plants- A Review on Arrays of Extraction Process	276-295
Abhijeet A. Pakhare & Vishal P. Deshmukh	
20. Commercial Floriculture and its Present Day Status in India	296-328
Dr. Debabrata Das	
21. Arbuscular Mycorrhizae and its Applications in Various Fields of Plant Sciences	329-346
Dr. Pampi Ghosh	



Comparing the Diversity Pattern of Vegetation Between two Seasons in a Hydrocarbon Exploration Site of Tripura

Huidrom Babina Devi\*, Hirumoni Hazarika\*, Prasenjit Patari\* & Sabyasachi Dasgupta\*\*

#### ABSTRACT

Plants have been used for a variety of purpose since time immemorial. With the advancement in the field of research and growing interest in plants shows that a lot of plants can clean up a variety of contaminants from the soil, water and air. The current study has been carried out to find out the plants found in the hydrocarbon exploration site in two different seasons (pre-monsoon season and post-monsoon season). The vegetational composition and structural diversity of the plants found in the sites was also calculated. The study will be helpful as it will list out the plants which are observed in the site and which have been used in previous phytoremediation experiment. The study also recorded the absence of shrub species in pre-monsoon season while its presence in the post monsoon season. Cynodon dactylon (L.) Pers. and Ageratum conyzoides L. were found to be present in both the seasons. Most of the plants found in the site were known to be phytoremediators. The presence of plants in the abandoned hydrocarbon exploration site is a very good indication that the site can be restored using those plants. Using plants which

Research Scholar, Department of Forestry and Biodiversity, Tripura University.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Professor, Department of Forestry and Biodiversity, Tripura University.



Agriculture Potential Zone Mapping with Water Resource Management using Geospatial Techniques of Jhargram District in Janghalmohal Geographical Area, WB.

Dr. Chandan Karan\*

### ABSTRACT

Regional development is an effort to improve the people's standard of living and Socio-economic development by the fight of hard efforts against the extreme adversities of Nature. This pattern is especially noticeable among the residents of Lateritic zone of Jhargram district in the Jungle Mahal region of West Bengal. The Jhargram Jungle Mahal region is composed mainly the tertiary graveliferrous materials and older alluviums of South Western margin of West Bengal. Using the Geo-spatial RS & GIS data with Intensive field verification, more than 60% land area is under the Lateritic Zone with forest cover and also 40% area is dominated by Lateritic upland; which is infertile soil and less agriculture area due to scarcity of water. The annual rainfall is occurring about 140 cm to 160 cm. But the slope of lateritic upland is steep to moderate; as result the surface water in rainy season is quickly flowing down; that way that the area is comes' under the draught phone. Jhargram district consist is eight block these are Jhargram, Binpur-I, Binpur-II, Jamboni, Gopiballavpur-I, Gopiballavpur-II, Nayagram and Sankrail. About 40% peoples are directly engaged to agriculture system, Where 30% area depend on Monocrop production system due to the water crisis, pedogenic unevenness and not implemented of proper scientific methods for

SACT-I, Department of Geography, Seva Bharati Mahavidyalaya.